#### FUNCTION/OPERATOR SYNTAX

X M I A C	N J B	left and right arguments of a function/operands of an operator	<ul><li>any array</li><li>numeric array</li><li>integer array</li><li>Boolean array</li><li>character array</li></ul>
f	g h	functions	
α	ω	left and right arguments of a function train	
NS	i	name or reference to namespace	
[ 0	ix] :t] 'v/m	indicates functions that can have an axis specified indicates a dependency on <code>DCT/DDCT</code> indicates highest rank allowed is that of a scalar/vector/matrix	
SE	LECTED	ARBREVIATIONS	

113	name of reference to namespace
[ax]	indicates functions that can have an axis specified
[ct]	indicates a dependency on □CT/□DCT
s/v/m	indicates highest rank allowed is that of a scalar/vector/matrix
SELECTED	ABBREVIATIONS
actions	■NQ action: 0 add to queue, 1 process immediately, 2 perform default action,
	3 invoke OLE method, 4 signal ActiveX event
ax_mx	three-column matrix containing userID, aggregated file operation numbers
	and permission numbers
bytes	byte count
cn	component number
conargs	constructor arguments
dir file	the name of a directory/file
etype	type of new object; one of ▼ (function/operator, the default value),
	$\epsilon$ (vector of character vectors), – (character matrix), $lpha$ (namespace script),
	→ (simple character vector), o (class script) and o (interface)
name	the name of a variable, function or operator in the active workspace
nvpairs	one or more name/value pairs
object ns	a <i>name</i> or a <i>ref</i>
nn	component file pass number
onames	character scalar or vector containing file property names
ref	a reference to a namespace or object
regex	a Perl-Compatible Regular Expression (PCRE)
rw	read or read/write
tdno	thread number
tn	tie number for files; use 0 to generate number on tie/create
trans	transformation function or numeric codes to apply to matched expressions
type	internal data type – see TYPE CODES below

## **TYPE CODES**

Constructed by prefixing one of the following numbers with the number of bits per element:

0 Unicode char, 1 Boolean, 2 Classic (□AV based) char, 3 Integer, 5 Floating point,
6 Pointer to Object or Nested Array, 7 Decimal floating point, 9 Complex.

Examples: 80 = 1-byte Unicode char, 163 = 16-bit integer, 645 = double-precision float N.B. Pointers are reported as 326 in both 32-bit and 64-bit systems

# NAME CLASSES ([NC and [NL)

	2 Array	3 Functions	4 Operators	9 Spaces
.1	2.1 Variable	3.1 Traditional	4.1 Traditional	9.1 Namespace
.2	2.2 Field	3.2 dfns	4.2 dops	9.2 Instance
.3		3.3 Derived/Primitive	4.3 Derived/Primitive	
.4				9.4 Class (OO)
.5				9.5 Interface (OO)
.6	2.6 External/Shared	3.6 External		9.6 External class
.7				9.7 External interface

## **PRIMITIVE FUNCTIONS**

#### **SCALAR FUNCTIONS**

Scalar functions are pervasive, apply item-wise and, when dyadic, respond to the axis operator

#### MONADIC

Syntax	Result	Implicit Args
+ Y	Conjugate ('Identity' if Y not complex)	
- N	Negate: 0 - N	
×N	Direction ('Signum' if Y not complex)	
÷N	Reciprocal: 1÷N	DIV
LN	Round down to integer	[ct]
[ N	Round up to integer	[ct]
N	Magnitude (absolute value)	
* N	e raised to the power N	
⊗N	Natural logarithm of N	
ON	pi times N	
! N	Factorial (Gamma function of N+1)	
<b>?</b> J	Random number selected from $\iota J$ (when $J=0$ , a real number from <0,1>)	□IO, □RL
~B	Logical Inverse: 0 = B	

#### DYADIC

DIMBIO		
Syntax	Result	Implicit Args
M+N	Add N to M	
M-N	Subtract N from M	
M×N	Multiply M and N	
M÷N	Divide M by N	DIV
MN	Residue after dividing N by M	[ct]
M*N	M raised to the power N	
M⊕N	Base-M logarithm of N	
ΜſΝ	Maximum of M and N	
ML N	Minimum of M and N	
ION	Circular functions <sup>1</sup>	
M!N	Number of selections of size M from N (Beta fn)	
MAN	Lowest Common Multiple of M and N	[ct]
MVN	Greatest Common Divisor of M and N	[ct]
< < > >	Numeric comparisons <sup>2</sup>	[ct]
= <b>≠</b>	General comparisons <sup>2</sup>	[ct]
^ v ~ ~ ~	Boolean functions <sup>3</sup>	

¹Circular functions (angles in ra (-Is) oN		IsoN	<sup>2</sup> Comparisons Comparisons return:
(1-N*2)*.5 Arcsin N Arccos N	0 1 2	(1-N*2)*.5 Sin N Cos N	- 1 if proposition is true - 0 if proposition is false
Arctan N (N+1)×((N-1)÷N+1)*.5 Arcsinh N Arccosh N	3 4 5 6	Tan N (1+N*2)*.5 Sinh N Cosh N	3 Boolean functions A+1 0 0 1 B+1 0 1 0
Arctanh N -80N N +N	7 8 9 10	Tanh N (-1+N*2)*.5 <real n="">  N</real>	AAB 1 0 0 0 AVB 1 0 1 1 AÃB 0 1 1 1
N×0J1 *N×0J1	11 12	<pre><imaginary n=""> <phase n="" of=""></phase></imaginary></pre>	A^B   0 1 1 1 1 A \( \varphi \) B   0 1 0 1

# PRIMITIVE FUNCTIONS continued

#### NON-SCALAR FUNCTIONS

#### NON-SCALAR MATHEMATICAL

Syntax	Result	Implicit Args
₽Nm	Matrix inverse of Nm (square Nm)	
₽Nm	Matrix pseudo-inverse of Nm (over-determined Nm)	
Mm⊕Nm	Multiply Mm with inverse of Nm	
MTN	Encode value N in number system M	
MIN	Decode: Evaluate N in number system M	

## ARRAY PROPERTIES

Syntax	Result	Implicit Args
ρY	Shape: Length of each axis of Y Depth: Maximum level of nesting in Y (-ve if uneven)	Пмі
	Tally: Number of items in leading axis	UML

#### STRUCTURAL

Change structure, typically keeping all items

Syntax	Result	Implicit Args
cγ	Enclose: Scalar containing Y	[ax]
⊆Y	Nest: Y if already nested, else scalar containing Y	
ŤΥ	Mix: Remove nesting (DML 1)	<pre>[]ML, [ax]</pre>
↓γ	Split: Nest sub-arrays	[ax]
€Y	Enlist: Simple vector from elements of Y (DML 1)	□ML
<b>,</b> Y	Ravel: Reshape into a vector	[ax]
<del>,</del> Y	Table: Reshape into 2-dimensional array	
фΥ	Reverse last axis of Y	[ax]
ΘΥ	Reverse leading axis of Y	[ax]
φY	Transpose: Reverse order of axes of Y	
ΙνρΥ	Reshape Y to have shape Iv	
ΙΦΥ	Rotate vectors along last axis of Y	[ax]
IOA	Rotate vectors along leading axis of Y	[ax]
Ιν <b>φ</b> Υ	Reorder the axes of Y	□IO
Х, Y	Catenate: Join along last axis	[ax]
X <del>,</del> Y	Catenate First: Join along leading axis	[ax]

#### INDEX GENERATORS

Syntax	Result	Implicit Args
ıJv	Indices of all items of array of shape Jv	□IO
<u>ı</u> B	Indices of all 1s in B	□IO
ΔY	Upgrade: Indices to reorder Y ascending	□IO
ΨY	Downgrade: Indices to reorder Y descending	□IO
XıY	Index of: Indices in X of items of Y	<pre>[]IO, [ct]</pre>
X <u>ι</u> Υ	Indices of items of Y in intervals with cut-offs X	□IO
Is?Js	Deal: Is distinct items from ıJs	□IO, □RL
CÅD	Upgrade using collation sequence C	□IO
C♥D	Downgrade using collation sequence C	□IO

## SET FUNCTIONS

Syntax	Result	Implicit Args
UYV	Unique: Distinct items of Yv	[ct]
X€Y	For each item of X, 1 if found in Y, else 0	[ct]
X <u>€</u> Y	Occurrences of entire array X within Y	[ct]
X≣Y	Match: 1 if X is identical to Y, else 0	[ct]
X≢Y	Not Match: ~X≡Y	[ct]
Xv~Y	Without: (~XveY)/Xv	[ct]
$\chi_{V}U\gamma_{V}$	Union: Xv, Yv~Xv	[ct]
χγηγγ	Intersection: (Xv ∈ Yv)/Xv	[ct]

## PRIMITIVE FUNCTIONS continued

#### SELECTION

Select items from an array

Syntax	Result	Implicit Args
ÞΥ	First item of Y ( ML 1)	<pre>[]ML, [ax]</pre>
Iv⊃Y	Reach into Y along path given by I v	□IO
Iv[]Y	Index Y using indices I v	<pre>[]IO, [ax]</pre>
Iv†Y	Take Iv items along axes of Y	[ax]
Iv↓Y	Drop I v items along axes of Y	[ax]
Iv/Y	Replicate along last axis of Y	[ax]
Iv <del>/</del> Y	Replicate along leading axis of Y	[ax]
Iv\Y	Expand last axis of Y	[ax]
Iv₹Y	Expand leading axis of Y	[ax]
Av⊂Y	Partitioned enclose of Y according to Av ( ML 1)	<pre>[]ML, [ax]</pre>
Mv⊆Y	Partition Y according to Mv	[ax]

#### DATA CONVERSION

Syntax	Result	Implicit Args	
±Dv	Execute: Result of expression Dv		
ΦY	Format: Character representation of Y		
NS⊈Dv	Execute Dv within namespace NS		
IvφY	Format Y using (width, decimals) pairs Iv		

#### IDENTITY FUNCTIONS

Return an argument unchanged

teturi ari argument unchangeu				
Result	Implicit Args			
Materialise items of Y in workspace				
Same: Y				
Same: Y				
Left: X				
Right: Y				
	Result  Materialise items of Y in workspace Same: Y Same: Y Left: X			

# **DFN SYNTAX**

{αfi	unction ω}	{αα (	perator ωω}	:	guard
α	left argument	αα	left operand	::	error guard
ω	right argument	ωω	right operand	α←	default left argument
∇	self reference	∇∇	self reference	1:s←	shy result

## **FUNCTION TRAINS**

## PRIMITIVE OPERATORS

#### MONADIC

Syntax	Result
{Is}f/Y	Reduce: f between all items of Y (in groups of Is) on last axis
{Is}f <del>/</del> Y	Reduce First: f between all items of Y (in groups of Is) on first axis
f\Y	Scan: f between items of Y in progressively longer vectors along last axis
f₹Y	Scan First: f between items of Y in progressively longer vectors along first axis
{X}f"Y	Each: f on items of Y or between items of X and Y
Xf⊟Y	Key: f on items of Y grouped by unique X values
f≣Y	Key: f on first axis indices of Y grouped by unique Y values
{X}f <b>~</b> Y	Commute: same as YfX (or YfY if no X specified)
{X}f&Y	Spawn: f on Y (or between X and Y) in a new thread
<pre>{X}(NsI)Y</pre>	I-beam: Call experimental system-related service Ns

#### DYADIC

Svntax

Result

Rank: f on or between trailing rank-r subarrays  Stencil: f on (possibly overlapping) rectangles of Y
Power: iterates f (or X o f) on Y until condition YgfY (or YgXfY) is true Power: f (or X o f) on Y Js times
Inner Product: f / g between trailing vectors of X and leading vectors of Y Outer Product: g between each item of X and every item of Y Compose (I): f on the result of g on Y, that is, fgY Compose (IV): X • f on the result of g on Y, that is, XfgY Compose (II): g between X and Y, that is, XgY Compose (III): f between Y <sub>1</sub> and Y <sub>2</sub> , that is, Y <sub>1</sub> fY <sub>2</sub> Variant: f qualified by Z v on Y (or between X and Y)
At: use values in X to replace positions N in Y At: apply f (or X • f) to modify positions N in Y At use values in X to replace positions identified by Boolean mask (gY) in Y At: apply f (or X • f) to modify positions identified by Boolean mask (gY) in Y

# CONTROL STRUCTURES

:While  $bx \diamond block \diamond :$ AndIf bx|:OrIf  $bx \diamond block \diamond :$ EndWhile :While  $bx \diamond block \diamond :$ AndIf bx|:OrIf  $bx \diamond block \diamond :$ Until bx

:With ns ♦ block ♦ :EndWith

block	one or more APL statements to be executed
ax	an expression returning an array

bx an expression returning a single Boolean value (0 or 1)

ecode an integer scalar or vector containing the list of event codes to be handled

s a namespace within which actions will be performed

the tokens that must be acquired before the thread can continue an expression to compare with the array returned by <ax>

ar one or more loop variable name

: Continue – start next iteration of surrounding : For, : Repeat or While

:Leave - terminate : For, : Repeat or While

: Return – equivalent to →0

## SYSTEM COMMANDS

The following system commands produce lists of specific types of names in the current namespace:

)CLASSES, )EVENTS, )FNS, )INTERFACES, )METHODS, )OBJECTS, )OBS, )OPS, )PROPS and )VARS. All these accept a starting letter for the list as an optional argument.

Command	Description
)CLEAR	Clear active workspace
) CMD cmd	Execute cmd (cmd is mandatory on Windows, optional on UNIX)
)CONTINUE	Save active workspace as CONTINUE and terminate session
) COPY ws {nms}	Copy (selected) contents of workspace ws to active workspace
) CS {space}	Change current namespace
) DROP {ws}	Erase file containing workspace ws
) ED {etype} nms	Open Editor for named objects of type etype
) ERASE nms	Delete named objects from the active workspace
) HOLDS	List tokens currently held (acquired by : Hold)
) L I B {folder}	List workspaces either on WSPATH or in folder
) LOAD {ws}	Replace active workspace with workspace ws
) NS {name}	Create new global namespace called name
)OFF	Terminate the session
) PCOPY ws {nms}	As ) COPY but does not overwrite existing objects
) RESET { <i>n</i> }	Reset state indicator and empty event queue/clear top n
	suspensions
) SAVE {ws}	Save active workspace, optionally with new name ws
) SH <i>cmd</i>	Synonym for ) CMD
) <b>SI</b> { <i>n</i> } {-tid= <i>tdno</i> }	Display (first $n$ /last if $n$ <0 lines of) state indicator (for thread $tdno$ )
)SIC	Synonym for ) RESET
) <b>SINL</b> { <i>n</i> } {-tid= <i>tdno</i> }	Display (first <i>n</i> /last if <i>n</i> <0 lines of) state indicator (for thread <i>tdno</i> ) with local names
) TID {tdno}	Switch to thread tdno or report current thread number
)WSID {ws}	Set or report the name of the active workspace
) XLOAD {ws}	Load workspace ws without executing LX

## **SYSTEM VARIABLES**

#### STATE SETTINGS AFFECTING BEHAVIOUR OF PRIMITIVE FUNCTIONS

Possible Values	Default	Description
□CT ←(0 to 2*-32)	1F 14	Maximum ratio between two numbers considered equal
$\Box$ DCT+ $(0 \text{ to } 2^{*} - 32)$	1E <sup>-</sup> 28	(CT/DCT when DFR = 645/1287 respectively)
□DIV+0/1	0	Set to 1 to return 0 on division by zero
□FR ←645/1287	645	Specifies the result type of floating-point computations
□IO ←0/1	1	Specifies whether array indices are counted from 0 or 1
	1	Degree of compatibility with IBM APL2 (from 0=low to 3=high
□PP ←int (1-34)	10	Number of significant digits in the display of numeric output
□RL ←seed RNG	<del>0</del> 1	Seed and Random Number Generator used by Roll/Deal to generate random numbers

## **SELECTED ERROR CODES**

0 Any 1-999	11 DOMAIN ERROR	1000 Any 1001-1006
1 WS FULL	12 HOLD ERROR	1001 STOP VECTOR
2 SYNTAX ERROR	16 NONCE ERROR	1002 WEAK INTERRUPT
3 INDEX ERROR	18 FILE TIE ERROR	1003 INTERRUPT
4 RANK ERROR	19 FILE ACCESS ERROR	1005 EOF INTERRUPT
5 LENGTH ERROR	20 FILE INDEX ERROR	1006 TIMEOUT
6 VALUE ERROR	21 FILE FULL	1007 RESIZE
7 FORMAT ERROR	22 FILE NAME ERROR	1008 DEADLOCK
10 LIMIT ERROR	24 FILE TIED	

## **SYSTEM NAMES**

#### TOOLS AND ACCESS TO EXTERNAL UTILITIES.

TOOLS AND ACCESS TO EXTERNAL UTIL	
captured_output← □CMD cmd  r← □CSV data  r←data {header} □CSV format_spec  r←type □DR x  type← □DR x  r←(format_spec) □FMT x  r←(flag) □JSON data  name←{type}{shape} □MAP file {rw} {offse	E () () () () () () () () () () () () ()
{name}←{name} □NA fn desc	1
r←{tn} (reg_ex <b>□s</b> trans) text	5
r+(tn) (reg_ex □R trans) text captured_output+ □SH cmd r+(encoding) □UCS vec □USING +ns_spect valid nums+(seps) □VFI text	F E r S
r←{xml_options} □XML data	>
CECCION INFORMATION/MANACEMENT	

# Execute Microsoft Windows *cmd*Convert CSV data *data* to APL array Convert APL array to CSV data Interpret internal representation as ar

Interpret internal representation as array of type type Return internal data type (type) of x Convert x into character matrix according to spec APL array from (flag=0) or to (flag=1) JSON text Associate name with mapped file (from offset) Associate name with external DLL function Search text for PCRE reg\_ex returning trans

Search text for PCRE reg\_ex returning trans
(optional tn to spool output to native file)
Replace text selected by reg\_ex using trans
Execute UNIX shell cmd
map chars to/from Unicode code points

Set search path for .NET Namespace(s)
Validate numeric input: returns Boolean validity mask
and numeric vector of converted input
XML string ←conversion→ APL array

User number, compute, connect, keying time (ms)

## 

AR
file
num
AD file
:
ΓH <i>←n</i>
/E file

User (login) name
Clear the active workspace
Copy (optionally selected) names from saved ws
Delay and return seconds actually delayed
Load saved workspace
Terminate the APL session
Set search path for functions and operators
(blank-separated list of namespace names)
Save active ws in file with (with stack if flag=0)

0 returned on reload of saved ws, else 1

Session object

numvec← □TS

Oreturned on reload of saved ws, else 1

Session object

Current time (y m d h m s ms)

## MANIPULATING FUNCTIONS AND OPERATORS

r←{selector}	□AT names
<b>ſ</b> ←	□CR name
{names} <del>&lt;</del> {types}	■ED names
{boolvec}←	□EX names
{r}←	□FX cr nr vr or
{level}	□LOCK name ref
<b>r</b> ←	□NR name
state data←{settings}	□PROFILE action
names←	□REFS name
{linenos}←{linenos}	□STOP name
{linenos}←{linenos}	☐TRACE name
<b>/</b> ←	□VR name

Syntactical attributes of named functions or operators Source of function or operator as a character matrix Open one or more objects (names) in the editor 1 if each name is now free for use, else 0 Name of fn or op defined from its matrix, nested, vector or object representation (or failing line no) Hide source and optionally disallow suspension Source of function or operator as a nested vector "Profile" CPU or elapsed time consumption of code List the names referenced by a function Enable/report the current state of stops for a function Enable/report the current state of tracing for a function Source of function or operator as a simple vector

#### NAMESPACES AND OBJECTS

	■BASE.name
class_hierarchy+	□CLASS ref
←{class interface}	□CLASS instance
[old_ns]+{names}	□cs ns
old_df←	□DF char_array
{ref}←{flags}	□FIX source
	□INSTANCES class □NEW class {conargs} □NS names ns
script←	□SRC ref
ref←	□THIS

Invoke the base class definition of name
Class hierarchy for a classfinstance
Extract specific interface to an instance
Switch to a ns, optionally exporting names
Set the display form of the current space
Define objects from source (vector of vectors or file
name starting with file://)
Current instances of class
Create an instance of class

Create (optionally named) namespace copying

names or contents of ns into it

Reference to the current namespace

The source code of a ref

# **SYSTEM NAMES** continued

#### COMPONENT FILE FUNCTIONS

cn←x	□FAPPEND tn {pn}
<b>ſ</b> ←	□FAVAIL
cns←{fchk_opts}	□FCHK file
{tn}←file	<pre>□FCOPY tn {pn}</pre>
{tn}←file	☐FCREATE tn {64}
{ <i>cn</i> }←	$\square$ FDROP $tn n \{pn\}$
{tn}←file	<pre>□FERASE tn {pn}</pre>
<b>/</b> ←	<pre>□FHIST tn {pn}</pre>
{ <i>tn</i> }←	□FHOLD tn {pn}
names←	☐FLIB folder
names←	□FNAMES
tns←	□FNUMS
r←pnames	□FPROPS tn {pn}
<i>r</i> ←nvpairs	□FPROPS tn {pn}
ax_mx <del>←</del>	☐FRDAC tn {pn}
	☐FRDCI tn cn {pn}
	☐FREAD tn cn {pn}
	☐FRENAME tn {pn}
	☐FREPLACE tn cn {pn
	□FRESIZE tn {pn}
	$\square$ FSIZE $tn \{pn\}$
	☐FSTAC tn {pn}
	☐FSTIE tn {pn}
	☐FTIE tn {pn}
{ <i>tn</i> }←	☐FUNTIE tns

Inspect and optionally repair file Create copy of named file tied to tn Create new component file Drop *n* components from start (n>0) or end (n<0)Erase exclusively-tied file Return tied file *tn*'s history (user/time of last operations) Hold tied file *tn* (can be a matrix of *tn* {*pn*}) List component files in the specified folder Names of tied files in same order as ☐FNUMS Vector containing tie numbers of tied files Current values of the named properties of file tn Set properties of file *tn* using name-value pairs Read access matrix Size in bytes, user and timestamp of last update to cn The array stored in component(s) *cn* in file *tn* Rename exclusively-tied file Store array x in component number cn Compact exclusively-tied file tn and set its max size First cn, next-free cn, used and max size in bytes Set access matrix for file tn Share-tie component file Exclusively tie component file Untie one or more component files

Append x to end of file (optional passnumber)

1 if file system is available, else 0

#### STACK AND WORKSPACE INFORMATION

numvec←	□LC
	□LX ←expressio
numvec←	■NC names
ames <del>&lt;</del> {init_chars}	□NL nums
pace_references←	□RSI
	□SHADOW nam
names←	□SI
bytes <b>←</b>	□SIZE names
<b>r</b> ←	□STACK
<b>r</b> ←	□STATE name
bytes <b>←</b>	□WA
	<pre>□WSID ←name</pre>
names←	□XSI

Expression to be executed when workspace is loaded Class of each name (fractional if names is encl. vec) Active names of specified class(es), optionally filtered The spaces from which functions on stack were called Make names local to most recently invoked defined fn Vector of names of functions on the stack Space consumed by code/data attached to names Definition of each function on the stack Details of the usage of name at each level of the stack Workspace available (unused)

The name of the active workspace
Full names of functions on the stack

Lines at which each function on stack is suspended

#### THREADS

TINLADS	
tdno←	☐TCNUMS tdno
tdno←	□TID
{tdno}←{0 1}	☐TKILL tdno
	■TNAME ←{tdname
tdno←	□TNUMS
tdres <b>←</b>	☐TSYNC tdno

The child thread numbers of the given thread numbers The number of the current thread Kill threads *tdno* and (default 1 is true) descendants Report/set the name (*tdname*) of the current thread Report the numbers of all current threads Wait for threads *tdno* to terminate and return results

#### SYNCHRONISATION

Remove tokens of types *tktype* from the token pool Type of each token in the token pool Add tokens to pool and return any *tdno* this unblocks List token types that threads *tdno* are waiting for

## SESSION OR DEVICE INPUT/OUTPUT

□ ← x	
χ← □	
charvec← 🗓	

Output x to the session
Evaluate user input and return result
Output x to session without trailing newline
Return one line of user input

## **SYSTEM NAMES** continued

{r}←{flags} □MKDIR dir

#### NATIVE FILE FUNCTIONS

{offset}←x □NAPPEND tn type	Append x using internal representation type
{tn}←file □NCREATE tn	Create file (tn =0 to generate tn)
{r}←{flags} □NDELETE file	Delete file (if flags = 1, tolerate 'file not found')
{tn}←file □NERASE tn	Erase tied file tn
r← □NEXISTS file	Return 1 if file exists, else 0
r←{encoding} □NGET file {flags}	Read Unicode text file as lines into array r
t←{properties}¹	Return values of properties 1 for file tn/file
	(1 will expand wildcards in file)
<pre>{rarg}←lock {secs} □NLOCK tn {offset} {bytes}</pre>	Change lock status of file region (0=unlock,
	1=read, 2=write)(optional timeout in seconds)
file← □NNAMES	Names of tied files in same order as ☐NNUMS
tns← □NNUMS	Tie numbers of tied files
r←{flags} □NPARTS file	Splits file into path, base name and extension
•	(normalising file if <i>flags</i> =1)
{bytes}←vec □NPUT file {flags}	Write (overwrite if <i>flags</i> =1) lines to Unicode <i>file</i>
vec← □NREAD tn type n {offset}	Read <i>n</i> items of specified <i>type</i> from file <i>tn</i>
{tn}←file □NRENAME tn	Rename tied file to have name file
{end_offset}←x □NREPLACE tn offset {typ}	Write x to file at offset as type
{tn}←{bytes} □NRESIZE tn	Resize file to have specified size
bytes← □NSIZE tn	Current size of file
{tn}←file □NTIE tn {file_mode}	Tie a file in the specified mode
{tn}← □NUNTIE tn	Untie one or more files

#### **BUILT-IN GUI & COM SUPPORT**

```
(r)+ □DQ object

{exported}+(flags) □EXPORT nm

{r)+(action) □NQ object event {params;}

{name}+(name) □MC type {ordered_props}

r+(object) □MG props ...

children+(class) □MN parent

{old_values}+(object) □MS nvpairs...
```

Enqueue an event for processing
Create an instance of a built-in type and
set property values
The values of the properties of an object
Child objects (of class) of parent
Set the values of one or more specified
properties of object

Process events generated by object(s)

Specify fns to be exported by an OLEClient

Create or ensure existence of directory dir

#### ERROR HANDLING

	□DMX
{msg}	□EXCEPTION □SIGNAL errno {nvpairs} □SIGNAL 0 □TRAP ←trap_spec

Namespace containing details of most recent error in current thread
Details of most recent .NET exception
Signal an error; nvpairs set DMX props
Reset error-related system constants
Define error handling

#### SYSTEM CONSTANTS

□A	The letters from A to Z
□D	The digits from 0 to 9
□NULL	A reference to a null item

## ¹□NINFO: Values for Numeric Array properties

Х	Property	Default
0	Name of file/directory	
1	Type	0
2	Size (in bytes)	0
3	Last modification time	7ρ0
4	Owner user ID	
5	Owner name	
6	Whether file/directory is hidden (1) or not (0)	<sup>-</sup> 1
7	Target of symbolic link (when Type is 4)	

## OTHER SYSTEM NAMES

A number of system names that are no longer recommended for use in new applications have not been listed. Similarly, not all cases/variants of the listed system names are included



The tool of thought for software solutions

# Reference Card



Dyalog version 16.0 (released June 2017)

Documentation: <a href="http://docs.dyalog.com/">http://docs.dyalog.com/</a>
Online help: <a href="http://help.dyalog.com/">http://help.dyalog.com/</a>

Position the cursor after any symbol or name and press F1 to view the online help (except in TTY mode)

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